UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/520,809	02/02/2005	Koji Kawai	TIP-04-1339	9964
35811 7590 09/07/2007 IP GROUP OF DLA PIPER US LLP ONE LIBERTY PLACE			EXAMINER	
			GEMBEH, SHIRLEY V	
1650 MARKET ST, SUITE 4900 PHILADELPHIA, PA 19103			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1614	
	1			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			09/07/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/520,809	KAWAI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Shirley V. Gembeh	1614				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app		correspondence address				
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be the string and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDON	DN. imely filed m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Ju	ine 2007					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	,					
Disposition of Claims	·					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11,12,14 and 16</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-12, 14 and 16</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.					
Application Papers		÷				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.	·				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is o	bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Offic	e Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau	, ,,					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ved.				
		·				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summa					
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 	Paper No(s)/Mail	Date Patent Application (PTO-152)				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	. a.c				

DETAILED ACTION

The response filed **6/21/07** presents remarks and arguments to the office action mailed **1/17/07**. Applicant's request for reconsideration of the rejection of claims in the last office action has been considered.

Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Status of claims

Claims 7-10 are cancelled.

Claims 11-12, 14 and 16 are pending.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, filed, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 11-12 and 14 and 16 under 103(a) have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

New Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 11-12, 14 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Portoghese et al. US 5, 352,680 (of record) taken with of Rudd et al. <u>Europ. J. Pharm. (of record)</u> in view of Neeleman, <u>European Society of Anesthesiologists (newly applied)</u> as evident by <u>Meijer et al.</u>, <u>Brain Research</u>, Vol. <a href="868(1) 2000 135-140 **Abstract only**.

Portoghese et al. teach a compound that is structurally identical to that of the

claimed compound as

(see col. 14, lines 10 +) as in

Application/Control Number: 10/520,809

Art Unit: 1614

claims 11 and 12, where R¹ is an alkyl group having 1-5 carbon atoms, R²⁻⁴ are hydrogen, or R⁴ and R⁵ together form an O, (as in claim 14) R⁶ is hydrogen and Q is

(see col. 14 lines 10-30).

The reference teaches the adverse effect of morphine (as required by instant claim 16, see col. 1, lines 15-24, wherein one such effect is vomiting. if a ligand acts at a single opioid receptor type or subtype, the potential side effects mediated through other opioid receptor types can potentially be minimized or eliminated, thus treating nausea and vomiting (see col. 1, lines 34-43) and the μ -opiod agonist compound is a morphine (see col. 9 lines 8-17). Portoghese et al. teach the compound is an opiod antagonist and belongs to a group of morphinan derivatives. The reference, however, do not specifically identify morphine as a mu-opiod agonist.

Rudd et al. teach naltrindole

, having the same

structure (see enclosed attached structures) to inhibit the emetic reflex (vomiting) (see abstract and also page 82 (section 4.3 first para.) as in claims 20-22. Also note that the anti-emetic action of fentany is antagonized by the opioid receptor antagonist naltrexone. The reference is use to show that the drug has been used to treat vomiting,

therefore one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to use the drug by Rudd to treat vomiting caused by a mu-opiod agonist. Fentanyl is a mu-opiod agonist see abstract as evident by Meijer et al., <u>Brain Research</u>.

Neeleman teaches Morphine, is a mu-opioid receptor agonist, see underling page 2. One of ordinary skill in the art would know that the properties of a compound would not change as stated in the MPEP 2112.01"Products of identical chemical composition can not have mutually exclusive properties." A chemical composition and its properties are inseparable. Therefore, if the prior art teaches the identical chemical structure, the properties applicant discloses and/or claims are necessarily present. In re Spada, 911 F.2d 705, 709, 15 USPQ2d 1655, 1658

(Fed. Cir. 1990). "Where the claimed and prior art products are identical or substantially identical in structure or composition, or are produced by identical or substantially identical processes, a prima facie case of either anticipation or obviousness has been established. In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252, 1255, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977). "When the PTO shows a sound basis for believing that the products of the applicant and the prior art are the same, the applicant has the burden of showing that they are not."

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to administer the above compounds to a patient wherein the nausea and vomiting is caused by the administration of a mu-opiod agonist (morphine) because the art teaches that naltrindole has been used to specifically inhibit adverse effects of morphine. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to use the drug, to inhibit vomiting. Therefore one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to administer the

drug since the compound as taught has the property of reducing vomiting/nausea as a whole, and would expect the drug to work since the action of is blocking of the stimulation of the emesis zone as it was found to be a member of the morphinan that prevents emetics.

It would therefore have been prima facie obvious to the skilled artisan at the time the invention was made to administer the drug for the treatment of nausea or vomiting as indicated by the above cited prior art.

No claim is allowed.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Shirley V. Gembeh whose telephone number is 571-272-8504. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 -5:00, Monday- Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ardin Marschel can be reached on 571-272-0718. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SVG 8/30/07 ARDIN H. MARSCHEL SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER